

# The Bioeconomy in the North of England

A SCIENCE AND INNOVATION AUDIT LED BY THE UNIVERSITY OF YORK AND SPONSORED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR BUSINESS, ENERGY AND INDUSTRIAL STRATEGY (BEIS)



### The consortium for this Science & Innovation Audit



Universities | Large & Small Companies | Agricultural Colleges | Translational Centres | LEPs | Skills Specialists







## Key points from the Audit

The region is shown to be a global front runner in R & D for the bioeconomy with: There is a substantial economic opportunity to build on regional strengths in agriculture, food & drink and industrial biotech:



#### **World-class science**

Specialised research & innovation facilities



**Major industrial capacity** 

The report proposes an ambition to grow the region's bioeconomy from £12.5 billion to £25 billion GVA by 2030





### **Key strengths**

**Research base** 

the N8 Research Partnership has proven ability to catalyse collaboration in the bioeconomy across the region's research base

Industrial capacity

over 16,000 bioeconomy relevant companies and three major chemical clusters, located around estuary ports

Translational facilities

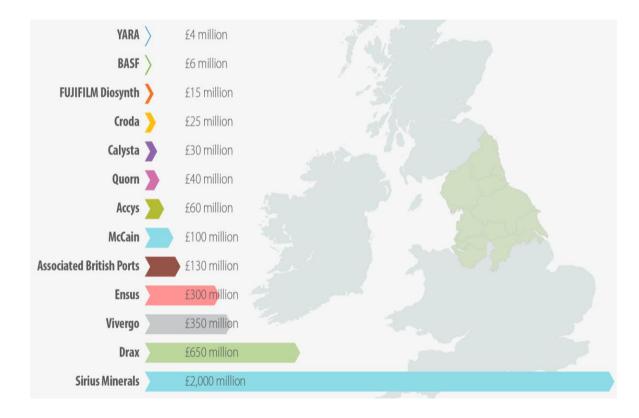
a major differentiator and unique strength for the region, including translational research facilities at the Centre for Process Innovation, Fera and the Biorenewables Development Centre

Talent

concentrations of skilled people working in the process and manufacturing industries are a strong basis for building a competitive advantage

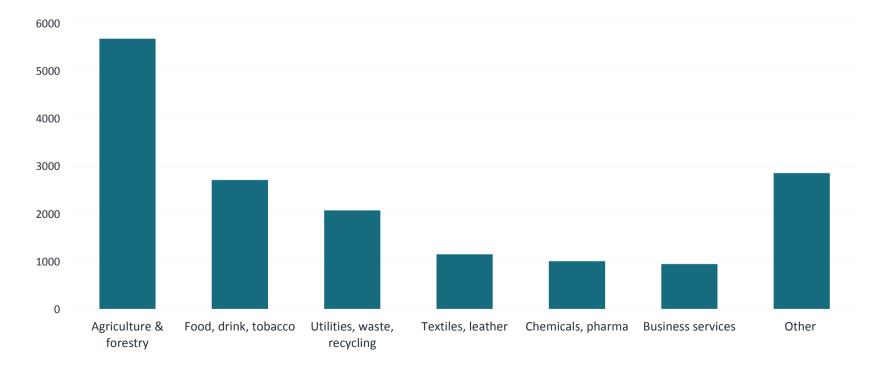


# Examples of recent investment in the North of England bioeconomy – approaching £4 billion





#### Numbers of bioeconomy companies in the North of England



# **The Vision for 2030**



Integrated and innovation-driven bioeconomy across the North of England helping to drive growth, jobs and a rebalancing of the UK economy

The region's farmers use the latest technologies

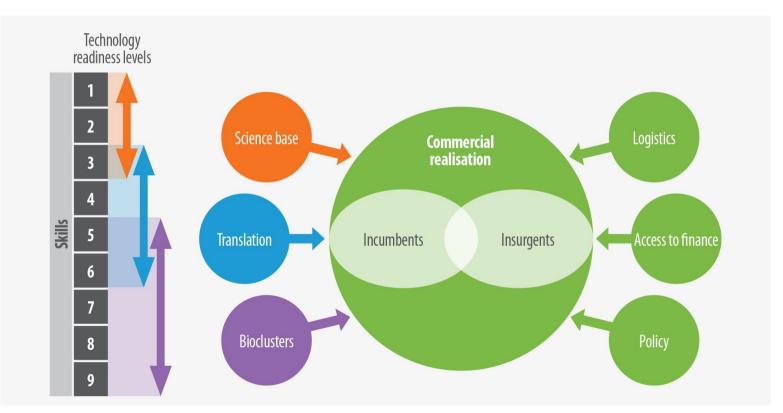
advanced land management precision agriculture diverse crops for food and non-food markets

Regional biorefineries process crops & wastes processing of crops, by-products and urban wastes food, feed, chemicals and materials are produced carbon and nutrients are returned to the soil

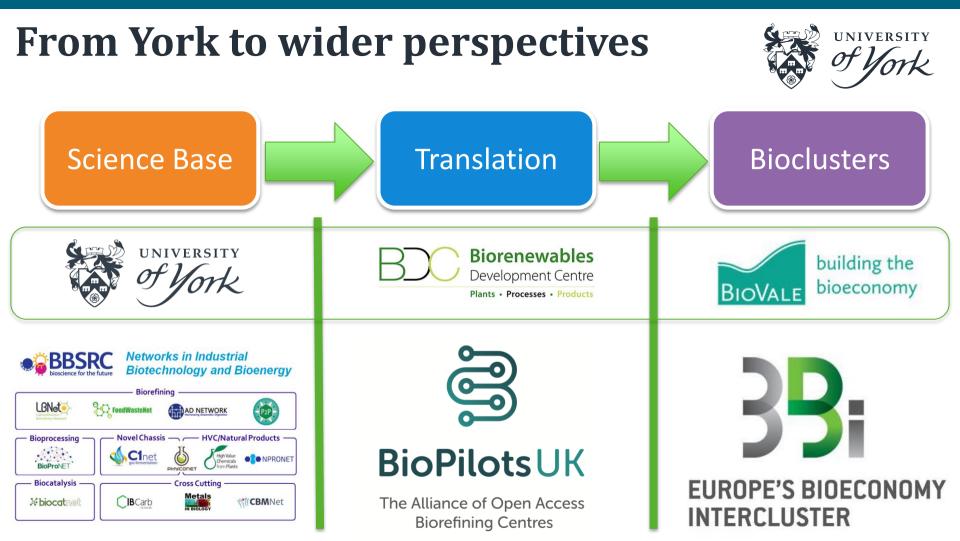
Chemical clusters have transitioned to bio-based

local and imported biomass feedstocks are used bulk bio-based chemicals are produced

# Innovation framework for the commercial realisation of the bioeconomy





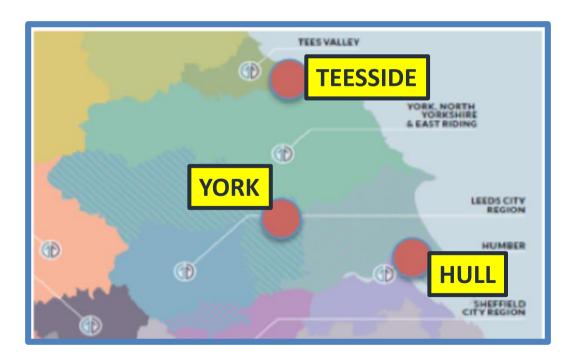


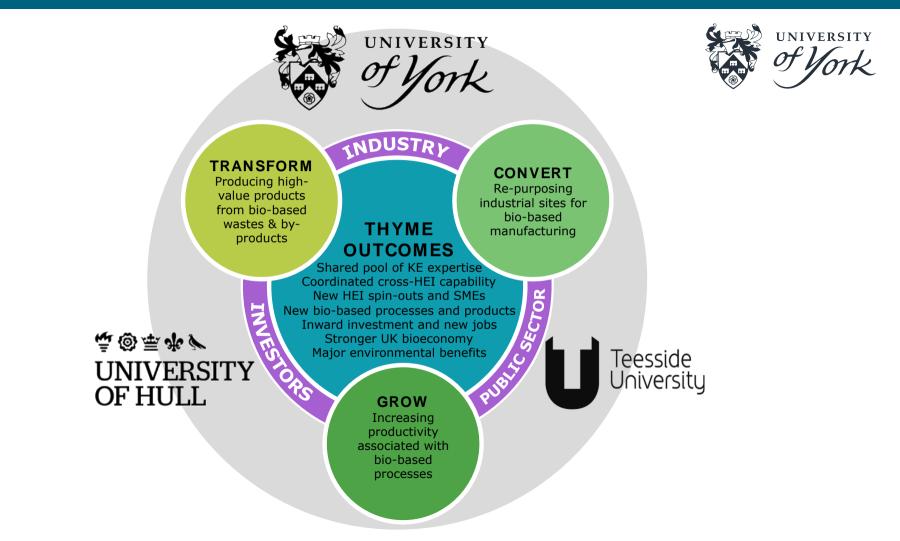


# **THYME Project**



#### <u>**T**</u>eesside, <u>**H**</u>ull and <u>**Y**</u>ork <u>**M**</u>obilising Bioeconomy Knowledge <u>**E**</u>xchange





### Growth & Collaboration Opportunities



- Transitioning the chemicals industry from petrochemical to biobased feedstocks
- Development of novel bioeconomy-ready plant varieties
- Mapping and biorefining available feedstocks including bio-based waste streams
- Linking robotics, AI and gaming platforms with bioeconomy development
- Supporting disruptive innovators and helping them thrive within the region

